

## Key

### Reading Part 1

1. A 2 – It says that the likelihood of new authors being published has diminished (gone down).  
B 6 – It says that some of the new authors Pink Fish work with are more skilled than more popular authors.  
C 3 - It says that TV presenters only invite well-known authors onto their shows.
2. 4 (Simon says big publishers chase novelists who are already popular) and 5 (Simon says that they or their authors won't win many prizes as these unfairly favour writers who are already famous).
3. With all of this in mind, Carla and Simon set out to make a publishing house with a difference. It's primary aim was to find and nurture great new writers, rather than making huge sums and trying to keep shareholders happy. "We don't go chasing after folk who've already written five or more financially successful novels, like many big city-based publishers," comments Simon. "We try to find lesser-known authors whose writing we really admire. It won't win us, or the authors, many literary prizes, as these are unfairly weighted towards those who are already famous, but we can live with that."

4

5

### Reading Part 2

1. It's about a trial into switching to a four-day-week working pattern, and the positive results it appears to have achieved.
2.
  1. A
  2. Analysis of the trial into this reduced working pattern also revealed no fall in output, reduced stress and increased staff engagement.
  3. The founder of one of the first big companies to switch to a four-day week has called on others to follow, claiming it has resulted in a 20% rise in productivity, appeared to have helped increase profits and improved staff wellbeing. (1) ..... These positive findings are fuelling hopes that a better work-life balance for millions could be in sight.
  4. Because the first part of the sentence seems to fit the gap.
  5. Because the second part of the sentence is negative, so the text following the gap then rules it out.

3.

1. C

2. Academics at two universities in Auckland monitored the investigation and analysed the results.

3. Perpetual Guardian, a New Zealand financial services company, switched its 240 staff from a five-day to a four-day week last November and maintained their pay.

Productivity increased in the four days they worked so there was no drop in the total amount of work done, a study of the trial has revealed. **(2)** ..... They found that scores given by Perpetual Guardian workers about leadership, stimulation, empowerment and commitment all increased compared with a previous survey.

4. A – There is some similar vocabulary: ‘Productivity increased..’ and ‘productivity gains’.

B – The whole paragraph is about performance increasing, as in this sentence.

5. A – There’s no reference back from ‘This’ at the beginning of the sentence.

B – There’s no reference in the paragraph of performance only improving in the first four weeks.

4. B

### Reading Part 3

1. 1 an article

2 a tech company – it creates apps

2. A A – (iv)

B – (ii)

C – (i)

D – (iii)

B A – Incorrect. 8.4 million people live in food poverty.

B – Incorrect. Retailers produce 5% of the UK’s waste food.

C – Correct. Half of all food waste occurs in the home.

D – Incorrect. Families waste £15 billion worth of food, which is half of the overall total (which must be around £30 billion).

C C

3. A Celestial-One and her business partner Tessa Clarke started Olio in 2015, and it has grown from a local initiative in north London to a company with a presence in 46 countries [B] and more than 900,000 users. The premise is simple: users snap a picture of their food items that would otherwise go to waste, and add them to Olio. Neighbours then receive customised alerts and can request anything that takes their fancy. Pick-up is arranged via private messaging within the app [D]. According to Olio, 50% of all food listings added to the app are requested [C] in less than two hours [A].

B A – This relates to how long it takes for food to be requested, not how long it takes to learn how to use the app.

B – This is how many countries the app is used in. It doesn't say it's used to transfer food between countries.

C – This is how much food is requested within 2 hours, not the overall reduction in food waste.

D – This shows that you can communicate within the app itself, not via another app or method.

C D

## Reading Part 4

### 1

make	take	get	go	do
an effort	a break	changed	missing	business with
a mistake	a holiday	fired	on foot	someone a favour
a difference	ages	a letter	smoothly	the paperwork
a habit of	advantage of	angry	abroad	your best
a prediction	place	into trouble	bankrupt	your job well

### 2 Common examples (not an exhaustive list):

lose: easily, badly, something, weight, money, a game, your temper

catch: a train/bus/plane, fire, sight of, a criminal, someone's eye, a ball, cold

earn: money, a living, a lot, very little, someone's respect, a good/poor salary

hold: (down) a position/job, a meeting, someone responsible, put someone on hold, onto

book: a table, a room, a ticket, latest/recent, title, shop, publish a, keeping

keep: a secret, a promise, away from, in touch, track of, in mind, it up, a diary

miss: a deadline, an appointment, someone, a train/plane/bus, the point, the meeting

save: money, someone's life, the business, up for something, save some food for someone

spend: money, time (with), a lot/little, your day/holiday/weekend doing something,

**3**

1. D
2. H
3. B
4. F
5. A
6. G
7. C
8. E

**4**

1. belong, keen, happy, bound, object, agree, related
2. succeed, involved, happy, belong, pleased, familiar, agree
3. keen, happy, pleased, apply, famous
4. aware, afraid, unsure
5. succeed, involved, belong, interested
6. keen, agree, rely

**5**

1. C
2. A
3. B
4. D
5. C
6. A
7. D
8. B
9. D
10. A

### **Reading Part 5**

**1**

1. it
2. consisting
3. with
4. that
5. what
6. tend
7. of
8. to

**2**

- 1.** out
- 2.** CORRECT
- 3.** the
- 4.** such
- 5.** most
- 6.** every
- 7.** CORRECT
- 8.** to
- 9.** CORRECT
- 10.** therefore
- 11.** of
- 12.** CORRECT
- 13.** completely
- 14.** has
- 15.** from